A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF ACHIEVEMENT MOTIVATION AND EMOTIONAL INTELLIGENCE LEVEL OF MALE INTER COLLEGE BADMINTON PLAYERS OF HIMACHAL PRADESH UNIVERSITY

RAM RAVI

Assistant Professor, Department of Physical Education, Govt.College Arki, distt Solan. India

Email:- ramravi262@gmail.com

ABSTRACT

The purpose of the study was comprised achievement motivation and emotional stability sub variables emotional intelligence level of male badminton inter college quarter final winner players and quarter final looser players of Himachal Pradesh University. To solve the study 48 male badminton players (24 quarter final winner players and 24 quarter final looser players) of Himachal Pradesh University were taken as the sample. The achievement motivation was measured by the English version scale constructed by Dr. M.L. Kamlesh has been used and emotional stability was measured by emotional intelligence scale (EIS) CONSTRUCTED BY AnkoolGlyde (Indore), SanjyotPethc (Ahmedabad), UpinderDhar (Indor). The data was analyses by using SPSS. The statistical tools used for the study were mean, SD, SED, and "t" test. The results have shown significant comparison between the above said psychological variables.

Key words: - Achievement Motivation, Emotional Intelligence.

INTRODUCTION:

Psychology is the systematic study of human and animal behavior. Psychology tries to understand why living beings act the way they do, how they grow up. How they learn and change, how they differ from one another and even how they get into trouble or become disturbed. Psychology has a vital role in sports in the following areas:- identification training, training material, evaluation of training, Rehabilitation.

Achievement motivation can be defined as the athletics predisposition to approach or avoid a competitive situation. However, in a broader sense; achievement motivation includes the concept of desire to excel. Achievement motivation is defined as a predisposition to strive for excellence;







a desire on the part of the person to perform in terms of a standard of excellence or to be successful in competitive situation. Achievement motivation is a psychological concept which refers to the standards of excellence. The terms achievement motivation was first introduction by McClelland (1953) it can be defined as a need or motive to excel in a wide variety or situation. When the motive is aroused, it is expressed in driving energy directed forwards attaining excellence, getting ahead, doing work better, faster, more efficiently and finding solutions to difficult problem which require ingenuity and persistence.

Emotional intelligence is a form of social intelligence which help player to know themselves and their term makes and also help in managing and improving relationship. It also plays a very crucial role in the psychology make up of players define emotional intelligence as the ability to monitor one's own and other feeling and emotion (Goleman 1985). To discriminate among them and to use this information to assess and generate emotion so as to assist thought, to understand emotions.

METHODOLOGY

To complete the purpose of the study selected random sampling method has been used for the collection of data. Inter college fourty eight male badminton players of Himachal Pradesh University at different level were selected as sample. Who participated in inter college championship organized by Physical education and youth programme of Himachal Pradesh University. In the present study investigator select the subject's team wise. Only quarter final winner and quarter final looser teams have been selected. The objectives of the present study was to compare the achievement motivation and emotional stability sub variables emotional intelligence of inter college level male quarter winner and quarter looser badminton players of Himachal Pradesh University. The subjects were examined by taking equal number of players from each level. The statistical tools used for the study were mean, SD, SED, and "t" test. The





results have shown significant comparison between the above said psychological variables. The sample breakup of the selected subjects is as follows:

Table No.1

Quarter Final level for the Achievement Motivation and Emotional Intelligence

Winner team

Sr. No.	Name of Colleges	No. of Players		
1	Govt. P.G. College Una	6		
2	Govt. P.G. College Solan	6		
3	Govt. College Sanjauli	6		
4	Govt. College Chaura Maidan (Kotshera)	6		
	Total	24		

Table No.2

Quarter Final Level for the Achievement Motivation and Emotional Intelligence

Looser Team

Sr. No.	Name of Colleges	No. of Players		
1	Govt. P.G. College Chamba	6		
2	Govt. P.G. College Mandi	6		





3	Govt. College Hamirpur	6
4	Govt. College Sarkaghat	6
	Total	24

RESULTS AND FINDINGS

Within the limitations and delimitations of the present study following results are drawn **Table No.3**

Comparisons of Winner and Looser Male Inter College Quarter Final Level Badminton Players in the Variables of Achievement

Sr. No.	Group	N	Mean	S.D.	M.D.	df	"t"
1	Winner	24	19.75	5.511	1.167	46	.708
2	Looser	24	20.92	5.897			N.S

0.05>2.01(df 46)

N.S = **Not Significant**

Table no.3 reveals that the mean value of achievement motivation of quarter final winner of inter college male badminton players of Himachal Pradesh University is 19.75 and mean value of quarter final looser is 20.92 the mean difference between winner and looser is 1.167 and S.D 5.511 and 5.897 respectively. The obtained "t" value for df 46 is .708. The obtained "t" value is statistically insignificant at 0.05 level of significance. When compared with table value of "t".





The formulated hypothesis for the present study has been accepted on the basis of obtained results.

Table No.4

Comparison of Winner and Looser male inter College Quarter Final Level Badminton

Players in the "Emotional Stability" variable of Emotional Intelligence

Sr. No.	Group	N	Mean	S.D.	M.D.	df	"t"
1	Winner	24	13.96	3.099	.083	46	.100
2	Looser	24	13.88	2.675			N.S

0.05>2.01(df 46)

N.S= Not Significant

Table no. 4 reveals that the mean value of "emotional stability" sub variable of emotional intelligence of quarter final level winner of inter college male badminton players of Himachal Pradesh University is 13.96 and mean value of quarter final looser is 13.88. The mean difference between winner and looser is .083 and S.D. is 3.099 and 2.675 respectively. The obtained "t" value for df 46 is .100. The obtained "t" value is statistically insignificant at 0.05 level of significance. When compared with table value of "t".

The formulated hypothesis for present study has been accepted on the basis of obtained results.

CONCLUSION

The study concluded that the:-

www.theuniversityacademics.com
Research & Academic Publishing

.As per table no.3 in the "achievement motivation" has statistically insignificant difference between the winner of quarter final and looser of quarter final male badminton players of Himachal Pradesh University.



As per table no.4 in the "emotional stability" sub variable of emotional intelligence has statistically insignificant difference between the winner of quarter final and looser of quarter final male badminton players of Himachal Pradesh University.

References

Goleman, D.C (1985) Emotional intelligence, New York, Bantom Books.

McClelland, (1953). The Achievement motiv. New York: Appleton- Century- Crofts.

- Singh, M., Kadhim, M.M., Turki Jalil, A. *et al.* A systematic review of the protective effects of silymarin/silibinin against doxorubicin-induced cardiotoxicity. *Cancer Cell Int* **23**, 88 (2023). https://cancerci.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12935-023-02936-4
- Mandeep Singh Nathial, *Analysis of set shot in basketball in relation with time to perform the course and displacement of center of gravity*, American Journal of Sports Science, Vol.2 Issue.5 pp: 122-126 (2014).

 Retrieved from https://www.sciencepublishinggroup.com/journal/paperinfo.aspx?journalid=155&doi=10.11648/j.ajss.20140205.13
- Mandeep Singh (2010). Evaluation And Improvement Of Sports Techniques Through Biomechanical Updated Analyzing Technology, University News, Journal of Higher Education Association of Indian Universities, Association of Indian Universities, Vol:48:Issue.05;2010 Pp45-57, 2010
- Mandeep Singh Nathial, *A Study of Adjustment and Emotional Intelligence of University Coaches in India*, American Journal of Applied Psychology. Volume 3, Issue 6, November 2014, pp. 122-126. doi: 10.11648/j.ajap.20140306.11
- Nathial, Mandeep Singh. A COMPARATIVE AND ANALYTICAL STUDY OF SELF-ESTEEM AND JOB SATISFACTION IN ATHLETES AND NON ATHLETES. *Journal of Advances in Social Science and Humanities*, 2(10).https://doi.org/10.15520/jassh210123
- Singh, M., Kour, R., & Kour, A.,. A collaborative diversified investigation of respective responses of sports person coaches and organizations on criminalization of doping. International Journal of Health Sciences, 6(S3), 11295–11310. https://doi.org/10.53730/ijhs.v6nS3.8641
- Mandeep Singh., Assessment of Vocational Interests of Pahadi&Bakarwal School Students In Relation To Their Gender. Int J Recent Sci Res. 9(3), pp. 24817-24819. DOI: http://dx.doi.org/10.24327/ijrsr.2018.0903.1731
- Dr. Mandeep Singh, 2017. "A study of awareness of inhouse doping errors among national level players and sports administrators in J&K state of India", International Journal of Current Research, 9, (01), 45226-45227. http://www.journalcra.com/sites/default/files/issue-pdf/20036.pdf

Double Blind Peer-Reviewed Refereed Indexed On-Line International Journal

RESEARCH JO SINCE: 2012 PEER ISSN: 2277-7 100



- Mandeep Singh, 2019; "Effect of Mobile Screen Psychomotor Digital Image Motivators in Person Technique in Reducing Anxiety Level of Intervarsity Players of Cluster University Jammu, Blue Eyes Intelligence Engineering and Sciences Publication (BEIESP). Volume-9 Issue-1, October 2019, PP: 3750-3752, DOI: 10.35940/ijeat.A9811.109119. https://www.ijeat.org/portfolio-item/A9811109119/
- Mandeep Singh. (2018). THE AWARENESS OF MOVEMENT AND FITNESS SCIENCES AMONG SCHOOL, UNDER GRADUATE AND POST GRADUATE LEVEL STUDENTS: EMPOWERING EDUCATION THROUGH PHYSICAL EDUCATION. European Journal of Physical Education and Sport Science, 4(3).https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.1218149
- SINGH SIDHU, A., & SINGH, M. (2022). KINEMATICAL ANALYSIS OF HURDLE CLEARANCE TECHNIQUE IN 110M HURDLE RACE. *International Journal of Behavioral Social and Movement Sciences*, 4(2), 28–35. Retrieved from https://ijobsms.org/index.php/ijobsms/article/view/267
- Singh, A., & Singh, D. M. (2013). PROMOTION OF RESEARCH CULTURE –ENHANCING QUALITY IN HIGHER EDUCATION. *International Journal of Behavioral Social and Movement Sciences*, 2(2), 202–208. Retrieved from https://ijobsms.org/index.php/ijobsms/article/view/152
- SINGH, M., & SINGH SIDHU, A. (2016). A COMPARATIVE STUDY OF BODY COMPOSITION AND RELATIVE HEALTH STATUS AMONG RESIDENT AND NON-RESIDENT STUDENTS IN DIFFERENT SCHOOLS OF J&K. *International Journal of Behavioral Social and Movement Sciences*, 5(3), 08–13. Retrieved from https://ijobsms.org/index.php/ijobsms/article/view/320
- Singh Nathial, D. M. (2012). ANALYZING THE CREDIT BASED SYSTEM IN PHYSICAL EDUCATION. *International Journal of Behavioral Social and Movement Sciences*, *1*(3), 172–176. Retrieved from https://ijobsms.org/index.php/ijobsms/article/view/37
- SHARMA, N. P., & SINGH, M. (2014). SENIOR AGE GROUP RELATIVE EXERCISES AND IMPACT ON THEIR LIFESTYLE. *International Journal of Behavioral Social and Movement Sciences*, *3*(04), 78–82. Retrieved from https://ijobsms.org/index.php/ijobsms/article/view/246
- CHAND PURI, P., MISHRA, P., JHAJHARIA, B., & SINGH, M. (2014). COORDINATIVE ABILITIES OF VOLLEYBALL IN DIFFERENT AGE GROUPS: A COMPARATIVE STUDY. *International Journal of Behavioral Social and Movement*
- Harris O, (1998), Race and ethnicity in US sports media' in L.A. Wenner (ed.) Media Sport, London; Routledge. 1998, 154-169. •
- Duncan MC. (1999), Sports photography and sexual difference. Images of women and men in the 1984 and 1998 Olympic Games. Sociology of Sport Journal.
- V. Kaam, A. (1966). Existential foundations of social psychology. Pittsburgh, PA: Duquesne University Press
- Crescenti, B.E. (2010). The rise of social media. The Entertainment and Sports Lawyer
- P. & Dodds, M.A. (2013). Can a sport organization monitor its employees' and athletes' use of social media? Journal of Physical Education



